

# MAMLAKA YA VIWANJA VYA NDEGE TANZANIA



**ARUSHA AIRPORT**

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Arusha Airport is one of the major domestic airports under the management of Tanzania Airports Authority (TAA), and it is the fourth to Julius Nyerere International Airport (JNIA), Kilimanjaro International Airport and Mwanza Airport.

Arusha Airport is located in the Northern eastpart of the country just 8km from the city of Arusha in close proximity to Kilimanjaro International Airport as well as Lake Manyara Airport, and close to Mt. Kilimanjaro and the border to Kenya.



Arusha Region is Nicknamed “the Geneva of Africa,” Arusha is the capital of the Arusha region of Tanzania, home to the headquarters of the East African Community, as well as several other international organizations and NGOs. As such, much of Arusha Airport’s traffic is domestic or regional traffic attending or participating in EAC meetings and events as well as other conferences.

## AIRPORT PROFILE

Based on ICAO Standards, Arushaairport is classified as category 3



### Geographical and Administration Data

Identification (ICAO Code)	HTAR
Identification (IATA Code)	ARK
ARP Co-ordinates	*03°22'00"S 36°37'19"E
Direction and Distance from the City	7.4KM (4NM) west of town
Elevation AMSL	4,550FT
R u n w a y (Length)	5,315FT / 1,620M
Types of traffic permitted	IFR/VFR
Reference Average Temperature	23.10° C

AD Administration, address and telephone	Airport Manager P.O Box 502, Arusha. Tel: +255 272505980 Fax: +255 272501770 E-mail: amarusha@habari.co.tz
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### Airport operational hours

Activity	Hours
AD Administration	Monday to Friday: 0430 – 1230 UTC Saturday, Sunday and Holidays: NIL
Customs and Immigration	NIL
Health and Sanitation	NIL
Aeronautical Information Services	0330 - 1600
ATS Reporting Office (ARO)	As ATS
MET Briefing Office	0330 - 1600
ATS	0330 - 1600
Fuelling	MON – SAT 0500 – 1400 SUN 0500 – 0930 and 1 hr PN
Handling	0330 - 1600
Security	As AD Hours
De-icing	Nil
Remarks	Nil

## Handling services and facilities

S/N	SERVICE/FACILITY	STATUS
1	Cargo - handling facilities	Nil
2	Fuel/oil types	Avgas 100LL, JET A1, Oil D100
3	Fueling facilities/capacity	Jet A1 bowser, AVGAS 100LL Kerbside pump, JET A1 - 64,000 litres/AVGAS 58,000
4	De - icing facilities	Nil
5	Hangar space for visiting aircraft	Available on re- quest
6	Repair facilities for visiting aircraft	Available
7	Remarks	Nil

## Rescue and Fire Fighting Services - Available

○ Category of Fire Fighting	CAT 5
○ Rescue Equipment	Available (Ambulance and other rescue equip- ment)

## Current Air Service

Arusha airport is currently served by Precision Air, Tropical Airlines, Zan Air, and other Regional Airlines with more than 400 departures and 3,500 seats per week, serving 15 domestic destinations.

The main destinations for flights from Arusha Airport are Zanzibar with 73% of total seats, followed by Dar es Salaam with 18%, Kilimanjaro with 3% and Seronera with 3% of the total seats.

Arusha airport depends almost entirely on passenger traffic, with little emphasis on cargo. Although the airport does not receive tourists from international points of origin traveling to Mt. Kilimanjaro and

the many safari parks surrounding Arusha, a significant number of these tourists fly to Zanzibar using Arusha Airport, and account for the majority of Arusha airport's business (over 70%).

### Scheduled airlines operating at Arusha airport

S/N	Airlines	Destinations
01	Precision Air	Dar es Salaam, Zanzibar
02	Coastal Aviation	Dar es Salaam, Kilimanjaro, Kigali, Mafia Island, Lake Manyara, Mikumi, Mwanza, Pemba Island, Ruaha, Selous Game Reserve ,Serengeti National Park, Seronera, Tanga, Tarangire National Park, Zanzibar
03	Air Excel	Zanzibar, Dares Salaam, Serengeti, Lake Manyara
04	Regional Air	Kilimanjaro, Lake Manyara, Zanzibar
05	Tropical Air	Dar es Salaam, Zanzibar
06	Safari Plus	Lake Manyara, Serengeti
07	Zan Air	Dar es Salaam, Mombasa, Pemba Island, Zanzibar

### Passengers Services at airport

Taxis	-	Available
Restaurant	-	Available
ATMs	-	Soon to be established
Bureau de change	-	Soon to be established

## Nearby services

Facility	Availability
1) Hotels	In town
2) Restaurants	In town
3) Hospitals	In town
4) Bank and Post Office	In town
5) Tourist Office	In town

## Current airport charges and fees

### Landing fees:

Landing fees are charged per single landing per 1,000kg or part thereof. These charges are based on the maximum takeoff weight of the aircraft as authorized by the certificate of airworthiness.

Category	Charges per 1,000kg or part thereof
Standard Charges	US \$ 5.00
Surcharge for night take off	30% of the standard charge
Training Flights	<p>Day Training: A series of landings made at the airport within a period of one hour in the course of training shall be charged as one landing at the standard charge.</p> <p>Night Training: A series of landings made at the airport within a period of one hour shall be charged the standard charge plus 30%.</p>

## Parking fees for foreign registered aircraft:

Parking charges are assessed on the maximum takeoff weight as authorized in the aircraft's certificate of airworthiness. These charges are applicable to both helicopters and fixed wing aircrafts.

No charge shall be levied for the first two (2) hours. Thereafter, the charge applicable shall be as follows:-

S/N	Maximum takeoff weight	Charges per Aircraft after the first two (2) hours
1.	Up to 20,000kg	US \$ 5.00 per 12 hours or part thereof.
2.	20,000kg – 60,000kg	US \$ 5.00 per 6 hours or part thereof.
3.	More than 60,000kg	US \$ 5.00 per hour or part thereof.

**Note:** for local registered pay equivalent amount in local currency at prevailing exchange rates.

## Passenger Service Charge

Passengers embarking an Aircraft at Arusha Airport shall pay airport service charge as follows:

**Domestic Flight:** TZS 10,000/= per pax

**International Flight:** US \$ 40.00 per pax



## ARUSHA AIRPORT TRAFFIC RECORDS (For the past 6 years 2014 - 2019)

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Aircraft Movements	23,904	20,692	21,564	23,392	27,048	25,858
Number of Passengers	187,911	179,511	142,224	164,419	192,233	229,366

Figure 1: Aircraft movements trend 2014 - 2019

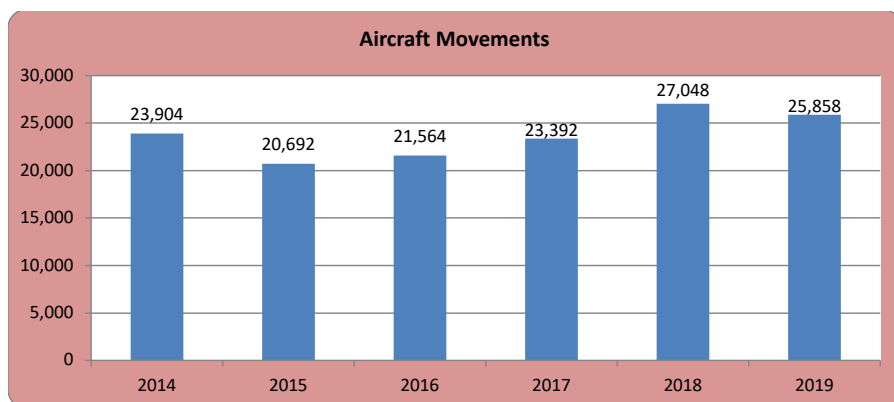
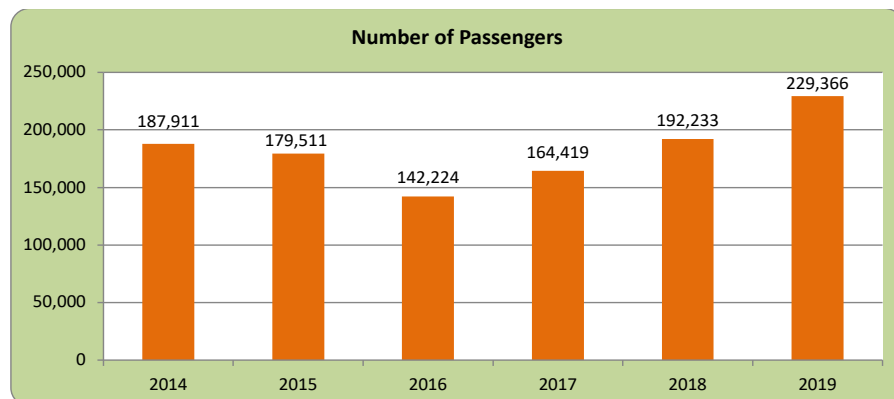


Figure 2: Passengers Movements Trend 2014- 2019



## Different crops cultivation in Arusha



### 3. LIVESTOCK

The Arusha region landscape is dominated by grasslands which are home to both livestock and wildlife. Some 60% of the region's land area is grazing land which is widely distributed throughout the region. No wonder livestock play a very large role in the lives of all indigenous people of the region.

Pastoralism mainly includes Cattle (Indigenous and exotic), Sheep and Goats.



Cattle pasturage in Arusha

It is the third largest and fastest growing Region in Tanzania after Dar es Salaam and Mwanza; It has enormous economic potentials in largely four (4) sectors; Mining, Agriculture, Livestock and Tourism.

## 1. MINING

Arusha region is endowed with a diversity of mineral resources. It is estimated that the region has more than 50 types of minerals, including the famous tanzanite.

The minerals in the region can be categorized into 3 groups:

- i. Gemstones - such as tanzanite, ruby, garnets, emerald, modelite, aquamarine, almadate, amethyst etc.
- ii. Industrial Minerals - phosphate, graphite, sodium carbonate etc.
- iii. Other Minerals - Sodium chloride, meerschaum, bentonite, carbonate, magnesite etc.



The Tanzanite gemstone which is only found in Arusha, Tanzania.

## 2. AGRICULTURE

Agriculture is the mainstay of the regional economy; it contributes more than 40% of regional GDP. Arusha produces both, food crops and cash crops. Mainly produced crops are Maize, Wheat, Coffee, Seed beans, sisal and Sunflower.

## Different crops cultivation in Arusha



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Cattle pasturage in Arusha

#### 4. TOURISM

In Arusha region it is estimated that tourism and wildlife account for about 20% of regional GDP. Hence, it ranks third in importance after agriculture and livestock. The region receives about 80% of all tourists visiting Tanzania. This is due to the fact that Arusha region has a vast scenic countryside endowed with rich flora and fauna, charming people, excellent climate and other tourist attractions as explained here under.

It has excellent tourist infrastructure and is next door to a key tourist receiving country which Arusha complements as shown below:-

##### i. Arusta Town

Arusha the capital town of the region, is well established as tourist capital of the Northern Tourist Circuit with an impressive array of facilities. These facilities include a fully equipped conference centre (AICC), hotel facilities and an International Airport (KIA) which is only half an hour away by car. Also Arusha town is located exactly half way between Cape Town and Cairo and has a lot to offer.

Activities include Mount Meru climbs, boating on Lake Duluti, a 211 Museum, snake parks, shopping in the curio shops, bazaars and cultural heritage centres etc.



Mount Meru in Arusha

## **ii. Arusha National Park**

The park has three district zones: A distinctive crater (often described as a mini-Ngorongoro), the Momela lakes which are fed by underground streams and Mount Meru which is one of the most rewarding mountains to climb in Africa (the second highest mountain in Tanzania after Kilimanjaro). Animals here include: buffalo, elephants, hippo, giraffe, zebra, a variety of antelopes, blue, black and white monkey, leopard and hyena.

Visitors' facilities are camp sites, mountains huts, rest houses and the Momela Lodge.



Elephants at Arusha national park

## **iii. Tarangire National Park**

This park has a permanent supply of water so that during the dry season the animal population here rivals that of Serengeti with wildebeest, zebra, eland, elephant, hartebeest, buffalo, gerenuk, fringe eared crux and flocks of birds of many different species. Prime game viewing months are between September and December. Visitors facilities are a luxury tented lodge and camp sites.





Elephants at Tarangire national park

#### **iv. Manyara National Park**

Manyara is a sanctuary to elusive populations of buffalo, hippo, giraffe, impala, zebra and the most famous residents-tree climbing lions. Elephants feed off fallen fruit while bushbuck, waterbuck, baboons, civet, leopards as well as black rhinos make their home in the forest. Lake Manyara is a magnet for birds' life and a kaleidoscope of different species which can be found around its shores, including huge flocks of flamingo. The Park is ideal for a day trip from Arusha town. The tourist season is from June to September and January to February. Visitors' facilities are a hotel, camp sites, a hostel and self-catering "bandas".



The very rare climbing-tree Lions are found at Manyara national park

## **v. Ngorongoro Conservation Area (NGA)**

The Ngorongoro Conservation Area is a huge area containing active volcanoes, mountain and archaeological sites, rolling plains, forests, lakes, dunes and of course, Ngorongoro Crater and Olduvai Gorge. The view of Ngorongoro crater is sensational. On the crater floor, grassland blends into swamps, lakes, rivers, wood land and mountain- all a haven for wildlife, including the densest predator population in Africa. The crater is home to up to 25,000 large mammals mainly grazers. The crater elephants are strange, mainly bulls. The birds' life in the crater is largely seasonal. In the northern, remote part of the NCA are Olmoti and Empakasi craters, Lake Natron (known to breeding ground for East Africa's flamingoes) and Oldonyo Lengai Mountain. Visitors' facilities include luxury lodges and campsites such as Ngorongoro Wildlife Lodge, Ndutu Lodge and Conservation Corporation (East Africa).



Different animals at Ngorongoro conservation area

## **vi. Olduvai Gorge:**

Olduvai is the site of some of the most important fossil humanoid finds of all time, the "Nutcracker man" or *Australopithecus boisei* who lived 175 million years ago. There is a small informative museum located at the visitor's centre. The gorge is a treasure trove of archeological sites filled with fossils, settlement remains and stone artifacts. Lecture tours are offered. Visitors' facilities are a camp site.





Olduvai Gorge

### **vii. Special people**

The Tindiga and Hadzabe, of Mbulu district, the Sonjo of Ngorongoro district and the Ndorobo of Kiteto district form a special group with special needs. These people until very recently lived away out of contact with other people in pursuit of a special life style. They lived on honey, hunting and the gathering of wild fruits and roots.

Other tourist attractions which are nearby Arusha Region are **The Serengeti National Park, Kilimanjaro National Park** and **Mount Kilimanjaro** (the highest mountain in Africa).

## **POTENTIAL AREAS OF INVESTMENT IN ARUSHA**

- A. **INVESTMENT IN AGRICULTURAL SECTOR** – there is an arable land for investments use.
- B. **INVESTMENT IN INDUSTRIAL SECTOR** – there is a good climate for industrial investments, as explained hereunder;

## **I. Infrastructure Availability**

The headquarters of the region is linked with the neighboring country Kenya by a good tarmacked road. It is also linked with Kilimanjaro region, Monduli and Babati districts by tarmac roads. Other infrastructures include KIA and Arusha airports, electricity, telecommunication etc.

## **II. Resources Availability**

The region is endowed with a diversity of natural resource including: minerals, forests, wildlife, agricultural products, livestock products etc., which can be the source of raw materials for both large, medium and small scale industries.

## **III. Availability of Markets:**

Given that there is improved/modern technology that would produce goods of standard quality then such products can compete in both local and foreign markets.

## **IV. Political Stability:**

The prevailing peace and security in Arusha and Tanzania as a whole creates a good environment for industrial investments in the region.

## **V. Government Attitude and Tax System**

The current government policy on industries encourage the development of private, industrial enterprises. Tax exemptions and tax holidays are offered to investors.

Moreover, the tax system is currently under review to encourage more investments.

## **VI. Agro-Processing**

Investment opportunities exist in agro-processing especially in the following:

- Oil milling industries - from sunflower, groundnut and cotton
- Human food processing industries - maize and wheat milling
- Animal food processing industries - from maize waste products & from oil milling industries.
- Sugar processing industries - from sugar cane

**The future of ARUSHA Airport is holding great promise and excitement.**

**YOU ARE WELCOME.**





## **TANZANIA AIRPORTS AUTHORITY**

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